

Cooking with Essential Oils Culinary Class with Chef Lisa Fidler March 19, 2015

Thyme Essential Oil

This oil is from the steamed distillation of leaves, stems and flowers.

Properties: Highly antibacterial, antifungal, antioxidant, antiviral and antiseptic.

Used by ancient Egyptians in embalming to protect against infectious disease

HOW DO I USE FOOD GRADE ESSENTIAL OILS?

Using citrus oils in place of citrus zest:

- Substitute lemon oil for lemon zest, orange oil for orange zest and lime oil for lime zest.
- In recipes calling for grated citrus zest or peel start with 1/8 teaspoon essential oil in place of 1 tablespoon of zest. No more grated knuckles! This is an easy way to add a punch of citrus flavor to glazes, toppings, sauces even piecrust!

Using essential oils in savory cooking:

- For most oils, one drop replaces a teaspoon of dried herb or spice.
- For bolder tasting herb oils such as Thyme, Oregano (Origanum), Rosemary and Marjoram, dip a toothpick into the bottle and stir into your recipe just before serving. Stronger flavored oils can be simmered at length in soups and stews to produce a milder flavor.
- For milder herb oils use 1 2 drops at the end of cooking, or just before serving.

Using essential oils in baking and candy making:

- As with LorAnn's super strength oils, natural essential oils are about 3 to 4 times stronger than alcohol-based extract flavorings (an extract is a flavor diluted in alcohol or a combination of alcohol and water).
- To substitute natural essential oils for an extract, start by using ¼ teaspoon essential oil in place of 1 teaspoon of an extract. Some essential oils such as clove and peppermint are particularly potent. We recommend starting with less and adding more to taste.

**Taken from the LorAnn website

- 1. Always keep your essential oils in a dark glass container, away from heat and light and where the conditions are not hot or humid. You can also store them in the fridge if necessary.
- 2. Make sure you purchase quality essential oils. Not all oils can be used in cooking and/or should be ingested. Furthermore, not all oils are therapeutic grade oils so make sure you do your research and use only oils that are appropriate for cooking.
- 3. Try to always use a glass or ceramic bowl when mixing your ingredients that contain essential oils. If you use plastic, the essential oil will seep into the plastic and ruin it.
- 4. Don't leave the cap off the bottle. They will oxidize quickly!
- 5. Essential Oils have a much longer shelf-life than dried herbs or spices so while oils may be more costly in the initial stages, over the long haul, they will prove to be more cost-effective.
- 6. Because all oils tend to have different viscosity levels, don't drop the oil directly into your mixture. Drop the required amount on a spoon and then into your mixture to ensure you have the proper amount.
- 7. A little goes along way. Add one drop, stir and taste. Repeat until you've reached your desired result.
- 8. Try to avoid touching the insert with your fingers as your natural oils may affect the oil composition.
- 9. Essential oils are highly concentrated and should always be used with caution.